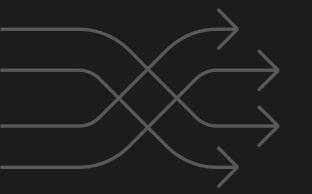
Rackspace Technology

Investor Presentation

November 16, 2020





Agenda

Company Overview

Kevin Jones

Financial Update

Dustin Semach







Kevin Jones
Chief Executive Officer



Dustin Semach
Chief Financial Officer





Solving Together

Rackspace Technology transformed

At LBO

Today



Market positioning



Core offerings and services expertise



Revenue from segments with attractive growth dynamics



Bookings growth



Core segments revenue growth



Capital intensity

Competitor

to public cloud

Managed hosting,
OpenStack public cloud



(Cloud Office and Managed Cloud Services, LTM Q3 2016)



(2016, YoY)

0%

(Q3 2016, YoY, Excl. Cloud Office and Managed Cloud Services)

16%

(LTM Q3 2016)

Partner

to cloud ecosystem

A leader in end-to-end multicloud solutions

~92%

(Multicloud Services and Apps & Cross Platform, LTM Q3 2020)

64%

(Q3 2020, YoY)

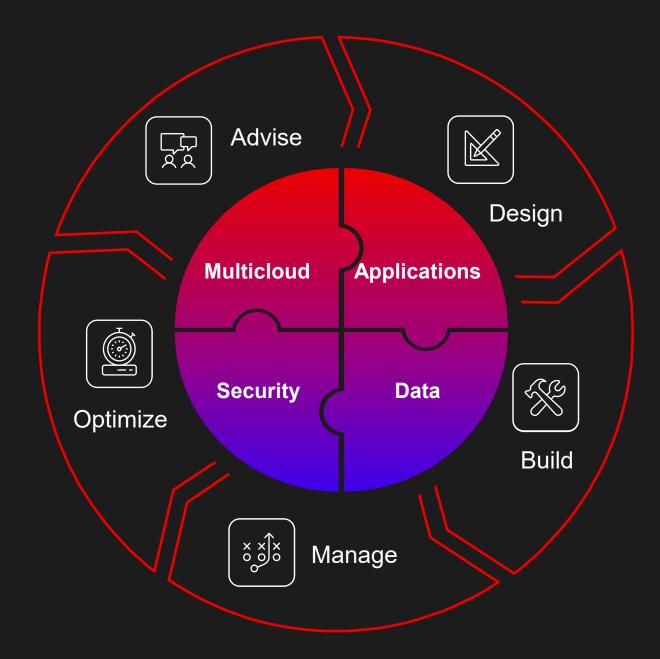
10%

(Q3 2020, YoY, Excl. OpenStack, PF for acquisition of Onica)

9%

(LTM Q3 2020)

We are mission control for multicloud





The multicloud ecosystem is a large and growing market

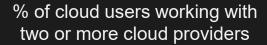
Businesses recognize the benefits of multicloud strategies



Leading to complexity and driving demand for multicloud services



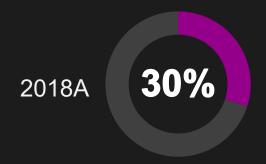
Creating a large market opportunity





81%Multicloud

% of enterprise customers consuming multicloud managed services



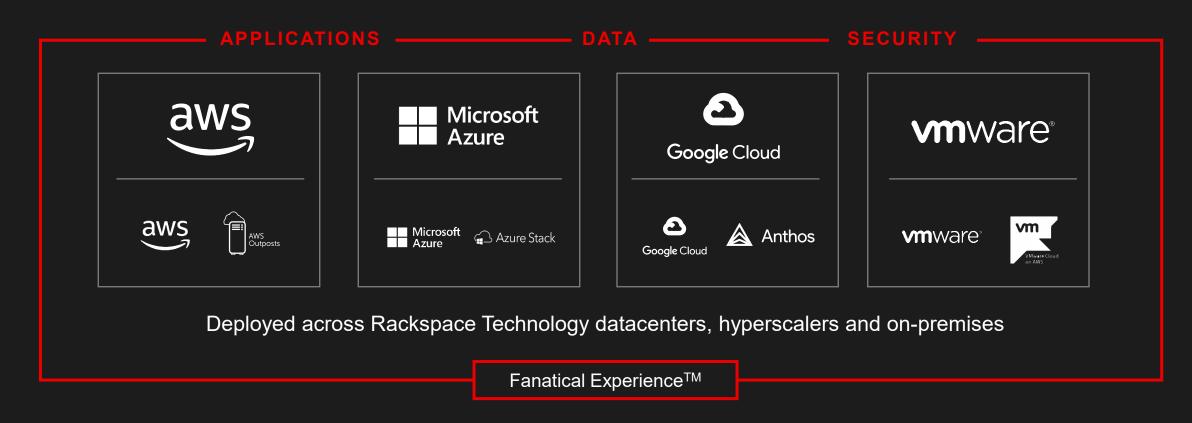


Estimated total addressable market in 2020





Our multicloud delivers flexibility in technology stack and deployment model



At-scale capabilities across all major clouds and everywhere in between



Our proprietary technology is at the center of our multicloud capabilities

Rackspace Fabric™





years of development



\$1B+

invested in Rackspace Technology IP



12M+

hours of development to date



Solution automation

Reduced manual onboarding, provisioning, and admin tasks



Intelligent automation

62% of workloads automated



Al automation

1B+ actions per month automated

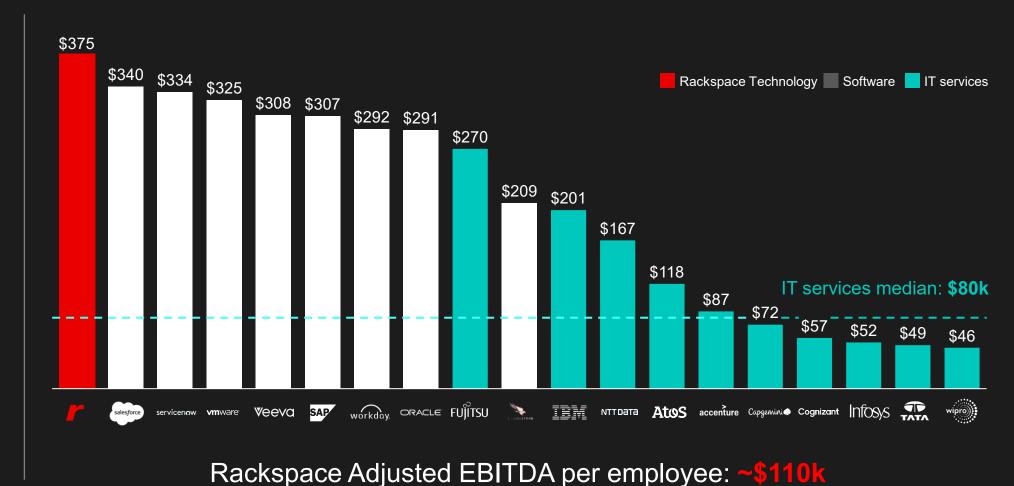
Fanatical Experience™



Driving a highly efficient business with software-like economics

2019 revenue per employee, \$k per employee

95%+
of 2019
revenues
are recurring





Competitive environment

	In-house IT	IT systems integrators	Cloud SPs and digital SIs	Regional MSPs	Hybrid colocation providers
CORE	Company's internal IT department	Consulting and outsourcing services for enterprises	Primarily "build" and "manage" services	Cloud services within a single or a few regions	Hardware and network connectivity
WEAKNESS	Scarce skills to manage complexity	Focused on legacy technologies	Services are limited in scope	Sub-scale; unable to meet enterprise needs	Services are limited in scope



Our competitive advantage positions us to win

Automation

Automation-driven efficiency and scalability

Standardization

Efficiency for customers

Rackspace Fabric[™]

Investment in technology innovation

Fanatical Experience™

Best-in-class customer experience

End-to-end multicloud

Across entire customer lifecycle

Continuous improvement

Investments in delivery and experience

Scale

120k+ customers

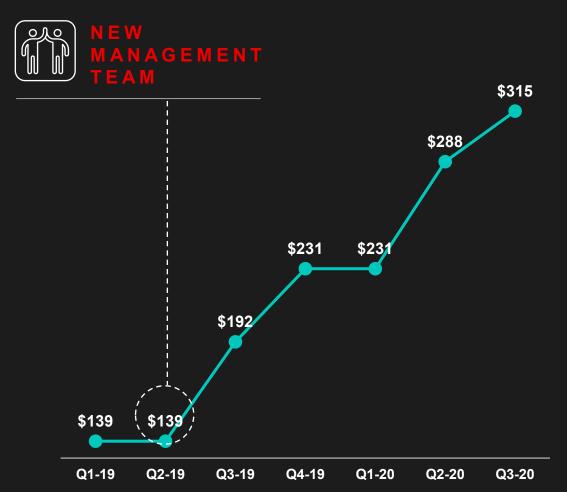
Partnerships

Strength of relationships with technology partners

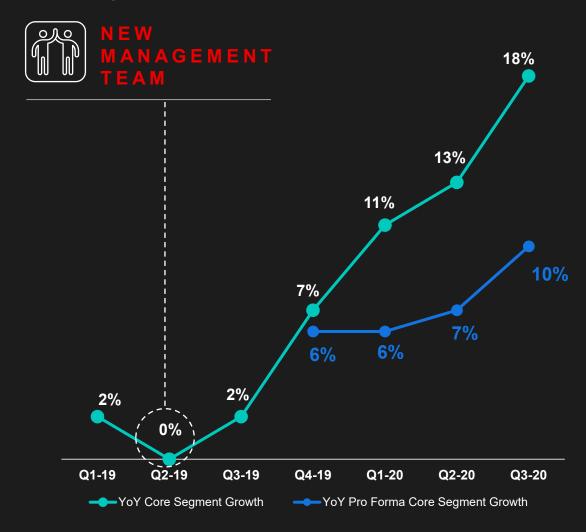


Successful execution has accelerated growth

Total Bookings Growth



Core Segment Revenue Growth





Well positioned in a \$400 billion market.



Value proposition for Rackspace Technology services has accelerated



Diverse customer base with low concentration



Remote, software-enabled delivery model

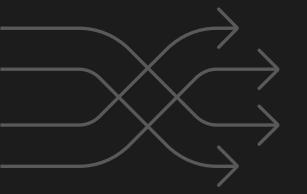


Supporting mission critical IT systems and applications



Strong EBITDA margin profile with ample liquidity





Agenda

Company Overview
Kevin Jones

Financial UpdateDustin Semach





Agenda



Summary results and takeaways *Kevin Jones*



Financial results

Dustin Semach





Scale

\$2.6B

Revenue (LTM Q3'20)

Revenue visibility

95%+

Recurring revenues (2019)

Growth in Core segments

10%

YoY PF Core revenue growth (Q3'20)

Financial model highlights

Low capital intensity

7%

Capital intensity (Q3'20)

Strong Adj. PF EBITDA

\$752M

Pro Forma Adj. EBITDA (LTM Q3'20)

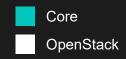
Margin profile

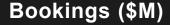
29%

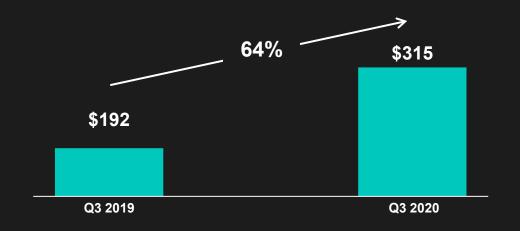
Adj. EBITDA margin (LTM Q3'20)



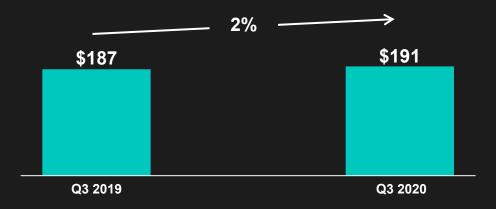
Accelerating revenue growth and operating leverage



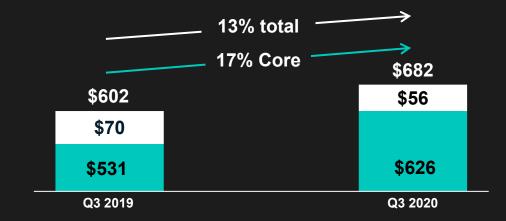




Adj. EBITDA (\$M)



Revenue (\$M) – yoy growth in constant currency



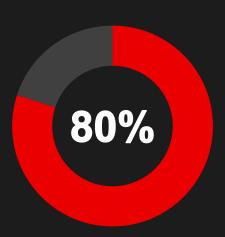
Capital Intensity (CapEx as % of revenue)





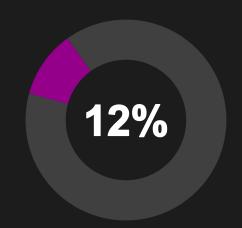
Components of our revenue

Multicloud Services



Integrated suite of managed cloud services across public and private

Apps and Cross Platform

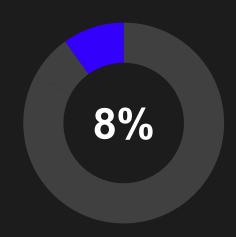


Applications

Security

Data

OpenStack Public Cloud



Open-source cloud platform

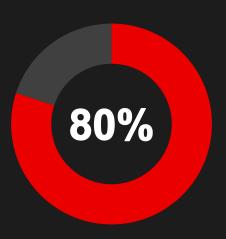
Declining % of revenue

"Core" segments – single integrated portfolio



Components of our revenue – Multicloud Services

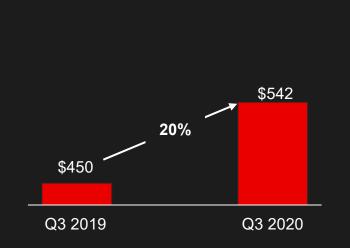
Multicloud Services

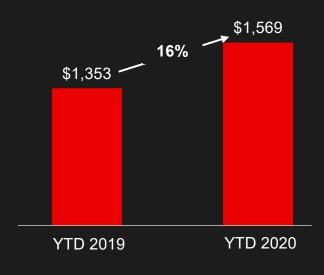


Integrated suite of managed cloud services across public and private

Revenue (\$M) –

yoy growth in constant currency



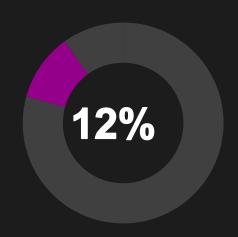


	Q3 2019	Q3 2020	YTD 2019	YTD 2020
Revenue (\$M)	\$ 450.2	\$ 542.1	\$ 1,352.6	\$ 1,569.0
YoY Growth – GAAP	_	20.4%	_	16.0%
– cc	_	19.6%	_	16.1%
QtQ Growth – GAAP	_	4.4%	_	_
- cc	_	3.6%	_	_



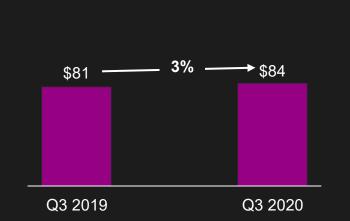
Components of our revenue – Apps and Cross Platform

Apps and Cross Platform



Applications
Security
Data

Revenue (\$M) — yoy growth in constant currency



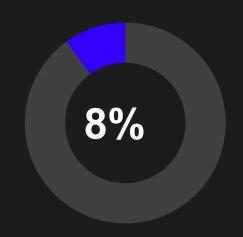


	Q3 2019	Q3 2020	YTD 2019	YTD 2020
Revenue (\$M)	\$ 81.1	\$ 83.9	\$ 238.2	\$ 245.3
YoY Growth – GAAP	_	3.4%	_	3.0%
<i>– cc</i>	_	3.2%	_	3.0%
QtQ Growth – GAAP	_	5.1%	_	_
_ cc	_	4.8%	_	



Components of our revenue – OpenStack Public Cloud

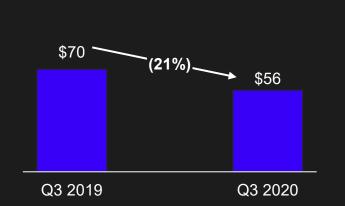
OpenStack Public Cloud

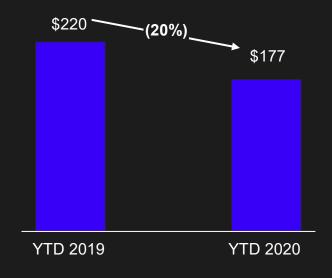


Open-source cloud platform

Declining % of revenue

Revenue (\$M) — yoy growth in constant currency





	Q3 2019	Q3 2020	YTD 2019	YTD 2020
Revenue (\$M)	\$ 70.4	\$ 55.7	\$ 220.2	\$ 176.6
YoY Growth – GAAP	_	(20.8%)	_	(19.8%)
– cc	-	(21.4%)	_	(19.7%)
QtQ Growth – GAAP	-	(3.4%)	_	_
- cc	_	(4.1%)	_	_



Sources and Uses / Pro Forma Capitalization

Sources	Amount	% of Total
New Senior Notes	\$550	99%
Cash from Balance Sheet ⁽¹⁾	5	1
Total Sources	\$555	100%

Uses	Amount	% of Total
Repay Existing 8.625% Senior Notes ⁽²⁾	\$545	98%
Fees & Expenses ⁽³⁾	10	2
Total Uses	\$555	100%

(\$ in millions)	9/30/2020 Amount	Adj.	Pro Forma Amount
Cash ⁽⁴⁾	\$253	(\$95)	\$158
Revolver (\$375mm)			
Term Loan Facility	\$2,803		\$2,803
Receivables Financing Facility	65		65
Capital Leases and Finance Lease Obligations	389		389
Total Secured Debt	\$3,257		\$3,257
8.625% Senior Notes (4)	605	(\$605)	
New Senior Notes		550	550
Total Debt	\$3,862	(\$55)	\$3,807
Net Debt	3,609	40	3,648
LTM net debt to LTM Adj EBITDA	4.3x		4.3x
Target leverage range:			3.0x to 3.5x

Notes

- (1) Actual cash used may vary depending on the results of the Tender Offer.
- 2) The actual amount necessary to refinance all of the outstanding 8.625% Notes will depend on the level of participation in the Tender Offer and the amount of 8.625% Notes accepted for purchase by the Issuer pursuant to the terms of the Tender Offer.
- (3) Represents the estimated fees and expenses associated with the Transactions, including financing fees and other transaction costs and professional fees.
- (4) Pro Forma (i) gives effect to the use of cash for the redemption of \$86.0 million principal amount of the 8.625% Notes that occurred on November 16, 2020, prior to the commencement of this offering, and the use of cash as a source of funds for the offering and (ii) assumes that all of the remaining outstanding 8.625% Notes are redeemed on December 16, 2020.
- (5) LTM PF Adj. EBITDA as of 3Q FY2020.
- 6) Leverage ratio calculations exclude Receivables Financing Facility, Capital Lease and Finance Lease Obligations.



Rackspace Technology FY 2020 outlook

	Original Guidance Full year 2020	Updated Guidance Full year 2020	
REVENUE GROWTH	9% — 10%	10% — 11%	
CORE REVENUE GROWTH	12.5% — 13.5%	14% — 15%	
ADJUSTED EBITDA	\$756 — \$760 million	\$758 — \$762 million	
ADJUSTED EPS	\$0.75 — \$0.81 per share	\$0.79 — \$0.81 per share	



Appendix



Additional Q4 2020 outlook items

	Q4 2 0 2 0	
NON-GAAP OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSE	Approximately \$61 million	
NON-GAAP TAX RATE	Approximately 26%	
NON-GAAP WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES	Approximately 208 million	



Adjusted EBITDA reconciliation

(In millions)	Q3 2019	Q3 2020	YTD	Q3 2020 (LTM)
Net loss	\$(60.5)	\$(101.2)	\$(182.0)	\$(228.8)
Interest expense	80.9	68.3	209.2	268.4
Benefit for income taxes	(9.2)	(18.1)	(33.4)	(46.9)
Depreciation and amortization	114.4	117.5	355.1	478.8
Share-based compensation expense	10.5	40.2	56.8	64.2
Special bonuses	5.9	5.0	19.1	25.6
Transaction-related adjustments, net	4.3	18.9	35.4	44.2
Restructuring and transformation expenses	16.1	22.6	59.7	71.6
Management fees	3.7	1.3	8.4	15.0
Net (gain) loss on divestiture and investments	22.1	_	(0.9)	20.9
Net loss on extinguishment of debt	_	37.0	37.0	36.7
Other (income) expense	(1.3)	(0.7)	(0.4)	1.9
Adjusted EBITDA	\$186.9	\$190.8	\$564.0	\$751.6



Constant currency revenue reconciliation

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2019	Three Months Ended September 30, 2020		
(In millions)	Revenue	Revenue	Foreign Currency Translation	Revenue in Constant Currency
Multicloud Services	\$450.2	\$542.1	\$(3.6)	\$538.5
Apps & Cross Platform	81.1	83.9	(0.2)	83.7
Core Revenue	531.3	626.0	(3.8)	622.2
OpenStack Public Cloud	70.4	55.7	(0.3)	55.4
Total	\$601.7	\$681.7	\$(4.1)	\$677.6
		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020		
	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019	Nine Mont	hs Ended September 30, 2020	
(In millions)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019 Revenue	Nine Montl	hs Ended September 30, 2020 Foreign Currency Translation	Revenue in Constant Currency
(In millions) Multicloud Services	September 30, 2019		Foreign Currency	Revenue in
	September 30, 2019 Revenue	Revenue	Foreign Currency Translation	Revenue in Constant Currency
Multicloud Services	September 30, 2019 Revenue \$1,352.6	Revenue \$1,569.0	Foreign Currency Translation \$1.3	Revenue in Constant Currency \$1,570.3
Multicloud Services Apps & Cross Platform	September 30, 2019 Revenue \$1,352.6 238.2	Revenue \$1,569.0 245.3	Foreign Currency Translation \$1.3	Revenue in Constant Currency \$1,570.3 245.4



Adjusted Earnings Per Share

	Three Montl	ns Ended	Nine Months Ended	
(In millions, except per share amounts)	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2020
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$(60.5)	\$(101.2)	\$(55.5)	\$(182.0)
Adjusted Net Income	23.8	36.4	27.1	97.7
Weighted average number of shares - Diluted	165.2	186.7	165.2	172.6
Effect of dilutive securities	0.9	5.9	0.8	2.8
Non-GAAP weighted average number of shares - Diluted	166.1	192.6	166.0	175.4
Net loss per share - Diluted	\$(0.37)	\$(0.54)	\$(0.34)	(\$1.05)
Adjusted EPS	\$0.14	\$0.19	\$0.16	\$0.56



Definitions

We calculate Bookings for a given period as the annualized monthly value of our recurring customer contracts entered into during the period from (i) new customers and (ii) net upgrades by existing customers within the same workload, plus the actual (not annualized) estimated value of professional services consulting, advisory or project-based orders received during the period. "Recurring customer contracts" are any contracts entered into on a multi-year or month-to-month basis, but excluding any professional services contracts for consulting, advisory or project-based work.

Bookings

Bookings for any period may reflect orders that we perform in the same period, orders that remain outstanding as of the end of the period and the annualized value of recurring month-to-month contracts entered into during the period, even if the terms of such contracts do not require the contract to be renewed. Bookings include net upgrades by existing customers within that workload. Any customer that contracts for a new workload is considered a new customer and the entire value of the contract or upgrade is recorded in Bookings, irrespective of whether the same customer canceled or downgraded other workloads. Bookings also do not include the impact of any known contract non-renewals or service cancellations by our customers, except for positive net upgrades by existing customers. In cases where a new or upgrading customer enters into a multi-year contract, Bookings include only the annualized contract value. Bookings do not include usage-based fees in excess of contracted minimum commitments until actually incurred.

We use Bookings to measure the amount of new business generated in a period, which we believe is an important indicator of new customer acquisition and our ability to cross-sell new services to existing customers. Bookings are also used by management as a factor in determining performance-based compensation for our sales force. While we believe Bookings, in combination with other metrics, is an indicator of our near-term future revenue opportunity, it is not intended to be used as a projection of future revenue. Our calculation of Bookings may differ from similarly titled metrics presented by other companies.

Core

Core reflects the results or otherwise pertain to the performance of our Multicloud Services and Apps & Cross Platform segments, in the aggregate. Our Core financial measures exclude the results and performance of our OpenStack Public Cloud segment.

Pro Forma Revenue Growth

Pro forma revenue growth is calculated on a constant currency basis, assuming the Onica acquisition was consummated on January 1, 2019.

Quarterly Net Revenue etention Rate

Our Quarterly Net Revenue Retention Rate, which we use to measure our success in retaining and growing revenue from our existing customers, compares sequential quarterly revenue from the same cohort of customers. We calculate our Quarterly Net Revenue Retention Rate for a given quarterly period as the revenue from the cohort of customers for the latest reported fiscal quarter (the numerator), divided by revenue from such customers for the immediately preceding fiscal quarter (denominator). Existing customer revenue for the earlier of the two fiscal quarters is calculated on a constant currency basis, applying the average exchange rate for the latest reported fiscal quarter to the immediately preceding fiscal quarter, to eliminate the effects of foreign currency fluctuations. The numerator and denominator only include revenue from customers that we served and from which we recognized revenue in the first month of the earliest of the two quarters being compared. Our calculation of Quarterly Net Revenue Retention Rate for any fiscal quarter includes the positive revenue impacts of selling new services to existing customers and the negative revenue impacts of attrition among this cohort of customers. Our calculation of Quarterly Net Revenue Retention Rate may differ from similarly titled metrics presented by other companies.

Net Promoter Score (NPS)

NPS is a customer loyalty metric that measures customers' willingness to not only return for another purchase or service but also make a recommendation to other organizations or colleagues.

Net Promoter Score is a number from -100 to 100.

Adjusted EBITDA Margin

Adjusted EBITDA margin is calculated by dividing Adjusted EBITDA by revenue for the same period.

Capital Intensity

Capital intensity reflects capital expenditures divided by revenue for the same period.



Definitions

Structural Non-GAAP Tax Rate We utilize an estimated structural long-term non-GAAP tax rate in order to provide consistency across reporting periods, removing the effect of non-recurring tax adjustments, which include but are not limited to tax rate changes, U.S. tax reform, share-based compensation, audit conclusions and changes to valuation allowances. When computing this long-term rate for 2020, we based it on an average of the 2019 and estimated 2020 tax rates, recomputed to remove the tax effect of non-GAAP pretax adjustments and non-recurring tax adjustments, resulting in a structural non-GAAP tax rate of 26%. The non-GAAP tax rate could be subject to change for a variety of reasons, including the rapidly evolving global tax environment, significant changes in our geographic earnings mix including due to acquisition activity, or other changes to our strategy or business operations. We will re-evaluate our long-term non-GAAP tax rate as appropriate. We believe that making these adjustments facilitates a better evaluation of our current operating performance and comparisons to prior periods.

Non-GAAP Weighted Average Number of Shar Reflects impact of awards that would have been anti-dilutive to Net loss per share, and therefore not included in the calculation, but would be dilutive to Adjusted EPS and are therefore included in the share count for purposes of this non-GAAP measure. Potential common share equivalents consist of shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options or vesting of restricted stock, as well as contingent shares associated with our acquisition of Datapipe Parent, Inc. Certain of our potential common share equivalents are contingent on Apollo achieving pre-established performance targets based on a multiple of their invested capital ("MOIC"), which are included in the denominator for the entire period if such shares would be issuable as of the end of the reporting period assuming the end of the reporting period was the end of the contingency period.

